

CNS-Physiology

Archive

Lecture 1

Somatic Pain and Thermal Sensation

Medical card

Name _____

Date of b _____

Gender _____

Address _____

Date of call _____

Sign _____

1. As per thermal sensations, one of the following is incorrect:

- A. Are evoked by all changes in environmental temperatures.
- B. Are evoked by stimulation of thermo-sensitive pain receptors.
- C. Are involved in regulating metabolic activities.
- D. Are transmitted by A beta sensory fibers.
- E. Are transmitted by A alpha sensory fibers.

Answer: C

2. Intermittent claudication is:

- A. Visceral pain.
- B. Deep pain.
- C. Cutaneous hyperalgesia.
- D. Colicky pain.
- E. Secondary hyperalgesia.

Answer: B

3. As per hyperalgesia, one of the following is correct:

- A. It happens normally.
- B. Primary hyperalgesia is best explained by convergence-facilitation theory.
- C. Primary hyperalgesia happens because of threshold changes.
- D. Secondary hyperalgesia happens in the area of the inflamed skin.
- E. It never happens in local axon reflex.

Answer: C

4. Inhibition of pain signals by tactile stimulation of a skin surface involves:

- A. Type A alpha fibers in peripheral nerves.
- B. Type A beta fibers in peripheral nerves.
- C. Type A delta fibers in peripheral nerves.
- D. Type C fibers in peripheral nerves.
- E. Autonomic sympathetic afferent fibers.

Answer: C

5. Reaction to pain includes all of the following except:

- A. Increased HR.
- B. Depression.
- C. Withdrawal reflexes.
- D. Stoppage of impulse discharge from nociceptors in chronic painful conditions.
- E. In severe type of pain, parasympathetic activity is stimulated.

Answer: D

6. Primary cutaneous hyperalgesia:

- A. Develops in the normal skin region around the area of flare.
- B. Is an abnormal condition in the skin in which painful stimuli become more severe.
- C. Is due to changes in threshold of pain receptors.
- D. Is associated with throbbing type of pain.
- E. Is accompanied with normal skin color.

Answer: C

7. Pain sensation is:

- A. A pleasant sensation.
- B. Transmitted by Pacinian corpuscles.
- C. Due to over stimulation of other sensations.
- D. A pre-potent stimulus.
- E. Of a much lower threshold of excitation compared to other sensations.

Answer: D

8. About hyperalgesia:

- A. The pain threshold is lowered in secondary hyperalgesia.
- B. The pain threshold is increased in secondary hyperalgesia.
- C. The pain threshold is lowered in primary hyperalgesia.
- D. The pain threshold is increased in secondary hyperalgesia.
- E. It is not related to pain threshold changes.

Answer: C

9. One of the following is NOT a reaction following pain:

- A. Withdrawal reflex.
- B. Depression.
- C. Depression of transmission of pain along sensory pain fibers.
- D. Miosis of pupils.
- E. Increased HR.

Answer: C

10. The sensation of temperature is signaled mainly by warm and cold receptors whose sensory fibers travel in association with the sensory fibers carrying pain signals. One of the following statements best characterizes the transmission of signals from warm receptors:

- A. Warm receptors are well- characterized histologically.
- B. Signals from warm receptors are mainly transmitted along slow- conducting type C sensory fibers.
- C. Warm receptors are located well below the surface of the skin in the subcutaneous connective tissue.
- D. There are 3 to 10 times more warm receptors than cold receptors in most areas of the body.
- E. Warm receptors relay in thalamus then to somatic sensory cortex.

Answer: B

11) Which statement about deep pain and visceral pain is CORRECT?

- A. Deep pain is transmitted by A-delta fibers.
- B. Visceral pain is sharp and well localized.
- C. Deep pain arises from superficial structures.
- D. Both deep pain and visceral pain are dull aching
- E. Visceral pain is not associated with nausea or vomiting.

Answer: D

12) Which of the following about pain receptors is FALSE?

- A. They are free nerve endings.
- B. They are stimulated by tissue damage.
- C. They can be stimulated by thermal stimuli.
- D. They adapt rapidly to continuous stimuli

Answer: D