

# Ethics

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## Archive

### Lecture 1

Introduction

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1. Trolley problem:

A- ethical theory

B- applied

C- motor car...

Answer: B

2. Aly's son has vaccinated for MMR, he has a baby and will be vaccinated, although the vaccine causes fever, itching and side effects at the time of giving, but he considers that it's beneficial to protect, it's called

A- utilitarian theory

B- deontological theory

C- Virtue theory

Answer: A

3. Patient's body:

A- Privacy

4. Hiding, falsifying, or manipulating the information is

A- unethically and illegally

5. Smoking is morally wrong, then the moral person should not do it:

A- Virtue-based ethics

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6-Medical ethics is learned by observing how senior physicians act not from books or lectures:

A-FALSE

B- true

Answer:A

7- may sacrifice the rights of the minority for the sake of the happiness of the majority?

Utilitarian theory

8- conditions should be fulfilled to obtain correct autonomy except

A. Capacity

B. Disclosure

C. Voluntariness

D. Fear

ANSWER D

9. autonomy, non-maleficence, justice, beneficence? Principles of medical ethics

10. Principle states that any competent person should be given the freedom to decide on any decision that is related to its health ?

AUTONOMY

## lecture (1)

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12. A professional secrecy is :

- A. privacy
- B. confidentiality
- C. autonomy
- D. non-maleficence

Answer :B

13. Regarding the deontological theory, all of the following are false except:

- A. Looks to ones obligation to determine what is ethical.
- B. Consequentialism.
- C. Tha acts right or wrong dependent of their consequences.
- D.Called Teleological.

Answer:A

14. The meaning of “Called Teleological, Greek word, Telo5, meaning end or consequence”:

- A.Deontological theory
- B.Ethical theory
- C.Utilitarian theory
- D.virtue theory

Answer:c

## lecture (1)

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15. The science or study of morals and its activity in the academic context , is :

- A. Morals
- B. Ethics
- C. Applied ethics
- D. Confidentiality
- E. Consent

Answer:B

16. A principle states that any competent person should be given the freedom to decide on any decision that is related to his/her body andlor health is :

- A. justice
- Non-maleficence
- C. Capacity
- D. Disclosure
- E. Autonomy

Answer:E

17. 3conditions should be fulfilled to obtain correct autonomy, except:

- A. Beneficence
- B. Capacity
- C. Disclosure.
- D. Voluntariness

Answer:A

## lecture (1)

18. All of the following are a general principles of medical ethics except:

- A. Non-maleficence
- B. Beneficence
- C. Autonomy
- D. Capacity
- E. Justice

Answer:D

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