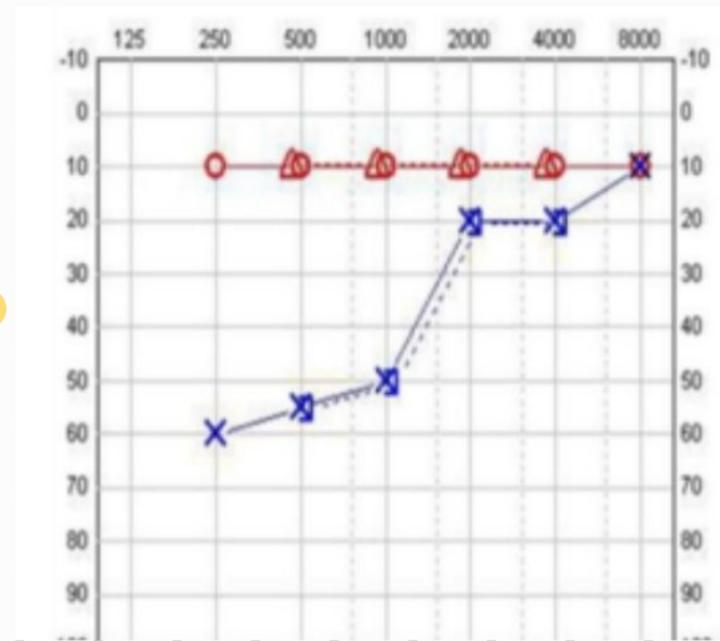


Q1 : Which one is true regarding the following audiogram :

- a) Normal Hearing
- b) Rt conductive hearing loss
- c) Lt conductive hearing loss
- d) Rt SNHL
- e) Lt SNHL



Q2 : Which of these aren't true regarding the management of this case :

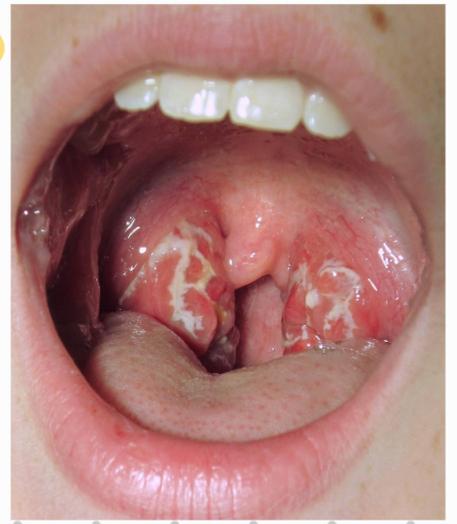
- a) Thiazide Diuretics
- b) Betahestines
- c) Epley's manoeuvre
- d) anti emetics
- e) Labrynthetomy

Q3 : According to the audiogram which one is true regarding tuning fork tests :

- a) Centralized Weber's
- b) Weber's shifted to the Rt
- c) Weber's shifted to the Lt
- d) Rinne negative

Q1 1st line treatment if the patient doesn't have penicillin sensitivity

- amoxicillin
- ciprofloxacin



***Q1*: Which one is INCORRECT regarding this image**

- Prognosis of this case is better than bells palsy
- Rt facial nerve palsy
- Analgesia is mandatory in treatment
- left facial nerve palsy
- dermatomal distribution



Q1-55years old male patient HAS HTN and came with epistaxis Most common site of bleeding

- Kisselback plexus
- Littel's plexus
- Posterior nasal cavity

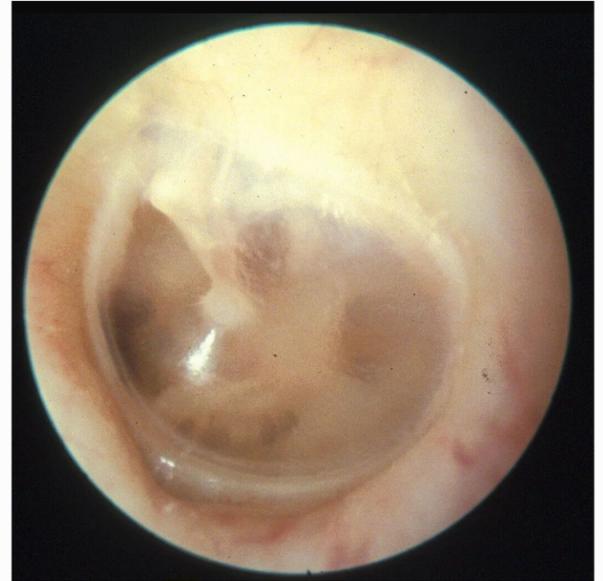


Q1-What the most complain came with it?

- otorrhea
- pain
- discharge
- hardening of hearing

Q2-What dose the pic represent

- Rt TM perforation
- Rt TM air fluid level (ant inf)
- Left TM perforation
- Rt TM retraction (sup post)
- Left TM retraction (sup post)



Q3-what is the treatment

- maryngotomy
- maryngotomy with grommet insertion

Notes

-the picture for Rt ear

-there was more obvious Air bubble

-The TM was Retracted

Q1-Which one is correct

- The pic represents fungal infection
- Need immediate surgical intervention



Q1 : According to the laryngoscope , This child suffers from ? :



- a) Acute Laryngotracheobronchitis
- b) Epiglottitis
- c) Croup
- d) Laryngomalacia

Q2 : Which one is characteristic :

- a) improves on supine position
- b) improves on prone position
- c) Tripod Position
- d) Barking Cough

Q3 : What is the main symptom the patient came with

- a) Stridor
- b) Hoarseness
- c) Dysphagia
- d) Cough

Q1-40 years old CT presented with headach
all of the following are DDX except

- Antrocoanal polyp
- Inverted papilloma
- Sinonasal tumor
- Mucocele
- CRS with nasal polyp



Q2-What the most
appropriate next step to
confirm the diagnosis

- Fiberoptic nasopharyngolaryngoscopy
- Endoscopic biopsy
- Imaging

Q1-What is the most presenting
symptom?

- hyponasal speech

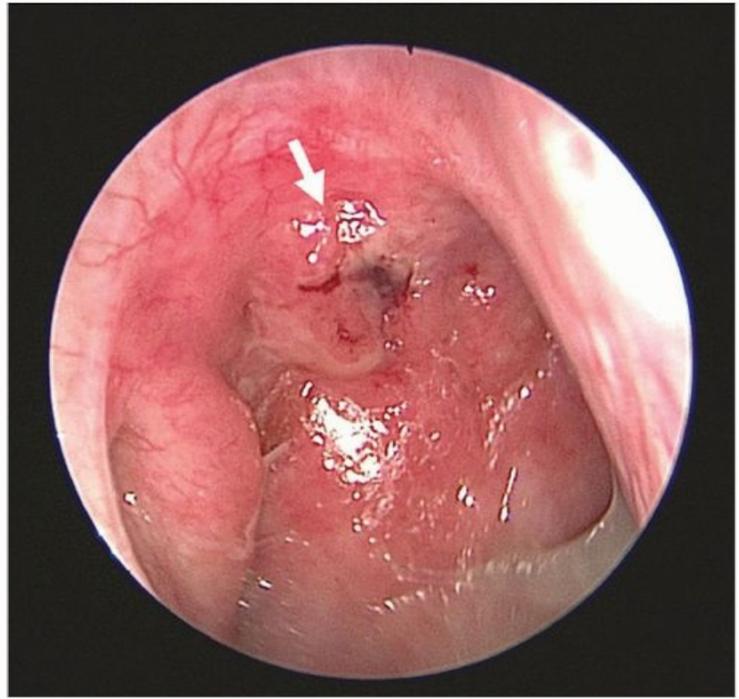


Q1-What is the most important symptom

- unilateral epistaxis
- OME
- painless LN

Q2-What is the next step in management

- CT
- MRI
- Endoscopic biopsy



Q1-62 years old male patient & smoker with 40 pack-year has history of hoarseness for 8 weeks

-What is the ddx?

-Next step to confirm ddx



DONE BY Bayan Abu Alhaija & some help

*Thank you
all!*