

## STATION-1-

A) Mention two types of psoriasis that need systemic treatment:

- **Erythrodermic psoriasis**
- **Generalized pustular psoriasis**

B) Mention two systemic manifestations of acne fulminans:

- **Fever**
- **Arthralgia / arthritis**

---

## STATION-2-

1. Presenting symptom of LP is **Pruritus**

2. Primary syphilis characteristic lesion is **Chancre**

3. Most common STD is **Non-gonococcal urethritis**

4. causative organism of chancroid by **Haemophilus ducryi**

---

## STATION-3- True or False

1. Wood's light is used for diagnosis of pityriasis rosea .....**False**

2. Lichenification is characteristic of acute eczema .....**False**

3. Flexural surfaces are spared in lamellar ichthyosis.....**False**

4. Tertiary stage of syphilis is infectious.....**False**

## STATION-4-

A) Mention two oral antifungals:

**-Griseofulvin**

**-Terbinafine**

B) Non-invasive diagnostic methods for tinea capitis:

**-KOH preparation**

**-Wood's lamp examination**

## STATION-5-

Case 1:

A patient presents with intensely itchy vesicles and papules on the extensor surfaces of elbows and knees. The patient also reports diarrhea.

**Dermatitis herpetiform**

Case 2:

A 28-year-old woman complains of diffuse hair shedding for the last 2–3 months. Hair falls out during washing or combing. There is no itching, redness, or scarring.

**Telogen effluvium**

## STATION-6-

Case 1:

A patient presents with a solitary lesion on the dorsum of the hand. He works with sheep and goats. The lesion is painless, nodular, and crusted.

**Orf**

## Case 2:

A child presents with congenital, well-demarcated depigmented patches on the forehead and anterior trunk. There is also a white forelock at the frontal scalp. The lesions have been present since birth and have remained stable over time. There is no history of inflammation, scaling, or trauma, and the family history may reveal similar patches in a parent, suggesting autosomal dominant inheritance.

## Piebaldism

### STATION-7-

\*What is the Mucocutaneous change with candida

- Oral candidiasis
- Vaginal candidiasis
- Chronic paronychia

### STATION 8/9 \_ True or False

1. Urticaria lasts more than 24 hours on the same location ... **False**
2. Bullous pemphigoid level is subepidermal blister... **True**
3. Bullous pemphigoid has tense bullae... **True**
4. Skin lesion then mouth involvement in HFM... **True**
5. Erythrasma resembles tinea cruris and caused by *Corynebacterium* ... **True**
6. EM major has mucosal involvement and most commonly drug induced ... **True**
7. In androgenic alopecia, hair undergoes miniaturization ... **True**
8. Most common site of common wart is palm and sole ... **False**

# STATION-IO-

1. Cutaneous leishmania is transmitted by:

**Sandflies (Phlebotomine species)**

2. Pediculosis capitis is caused by:

**Pediculus humanus capitis(hair lice)**

3. Topical drug for acne vulgaris:

**Benzoyl peroxide**

**Topical retinoids**

4. Scabies Caused by mite

**Sarcoptes scabiei**

---